H. B. 4606 1 2 3 (By Delegate Diserio) [Introduced February 17, 2014; referred to the 4 5 Committee on the Judiciary then Finance.] 6 7 8 9 10 A BILL to amend and reenact §23-1-1 of the Code of West Virginia, 11 1931, as amended, relating generally to workers' compensation; 12 acknowledging that the deficit crisis is over; recognizing that West Virginia's labor force is its' greatest asset and 13 14 resource; stating that injured workers should receive 15 preeminent and efficient treatment; and stating that it is the 16 intent of the Legislature that a rule of 17 construction" based on any "remedial" basis of workers' 18 compensation legislation shall be applied when deciding cases. 19 Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia: 2.0 That §23-1-1 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, 21 be amended and reenacted to read as follows: 22 ARTICLE 1. GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

23 §23-1-1. Workers' Compensation Commission created; findings.

(a) The Legislature finds that a deficit exists in the 1 2 Workers' Compensation Fund of such critical proportions that it 3 constitutes an imminent threat to the immediate and long-term 4 solvency of the fund and constitutes a substantial deterrent to the 5 economic development of this state. The Legislature further finds 6 that addressing the workers' compensation crisis requires the 7 efforts of all persons and entities involved and resolution of the 8 crisis is in the best interest of the public. Modification to the 9 rate system, alteration of the benefit structure, improvement of 10 current management practices and changes in perception must be 11 merged into a unified effort to make the workers' compensation 12 system viable and solvent through the mutualization of the system 13 and the opening of the market to private workers' compensation 14 insurance carriers. It was and remains the intent of the 15 Legislature that the amendments to this chapter enacted in the year 16 2003 be applied from the date upon which the enactment was made 17 effective by the Legislature. The Legislature finds that an 18 emergency exists as a result of the combined effect of this 19 deficit, other state budgetary deficits and liabilities and other 20 grave social and economic circumstances currently confronting the 21 state and that unless the changes provided by the enactment of the 22 amendments to this chapter, as well as other legislation designed 23 to address the problem are made effective immediately, the fiscal 24 stability of this state will suffer irreparable harm. Accordingly,

1 the Legislature finds that the need of the citizens of this state
2 for the protection of the State Treasury and the solvency of the
3 Workers' Compensation Funds requires the limitations on any
4 expectations that may have arisen from prior enactments of this
5 chapter. The Legislature finds that the Workers' Compensation
6 deficit has been resolved and, therefore, the Legislature finds
7 that West Virginia's labor force is its greatest asset and
8 resource. The Legislature further finds that a worker injured
9 during the course and as a result of his or her occupation should
10 receive preeminent and efficient treatment to protect and preserve
11 the state's greatest assets and resources.

(b) It is the further intent of the Legislature that this
13 chapter be interpreted so as to assure the quick and efficient
14 delivery of indemnity and medical benefits to injured workers at a
15 reasonable cost to the employers who are subject to the provisions
16 of this chapter. It is the specific intent of the Legislature that
17 workers' compensation cases shall be decided on their merits and
18 that a rule of "liberal construction" based on any "remedial" basis
19 of workers' compensation legislation shall not affect the weighing
20 of evidence in resolving such cases. be applied. The workers'
21 compensation system in this state is based on a mutual renunciation
22 of common law rights and defenses by employers and employees alike.
23 Employees' rights to sue for damages over and above medical and
24 health care benefits and wage loss benefits are to a certain degree

- limited by the provisions of this chapter and employers' rights to raise common law defenses, such as lack of negligence, contributory negligence on the part of the employee, and others, are curtailed as well. Accordingly, the Legislature hereby declares that any remedial component of the workers' compensation laws is not to cause the workers' compensation laws to receive liberal construction. that alters in any way the proper weighing of evidence as required by section one-g, article four of this chapter.
- 10 (c) The "Workers' Compensation Division of the Bureau of 11 Employment Programs" is, on or after October 1, 12 reestablished, reconstituted and continued as the Workers' 13 Compensation Commission, an agency of the state. The purpose of 14 the commission is to ensure the fair, efficient and financially 15 stable administration of the workers' compensation system of the 16 State of West Virginia. The powers and duties heretofore imposed 17 upon the Workers' Compensation Division and the Commissioner of the 18 Bureau of Employment Programs as they relate to workers' 19 compensation are hereby transferred to and imposed upon the 20 Workers' Compensation Commission and its executive director in the 21 manner prescribed by this chapter.
- 22 (d) It is the intent of the Legislature that the transfer of 23 the administration of the workers' compensation system of this 24 state from the Workers' Compensation Division under the

1 Commissioner of the Bureau of Employment Programs to the Workers' 2 Compensation Commission under its executive director and the 3 workers' compensation board of managers is to become effective 4 October 1, 2003. Any provisions of the enactment of Enrolled 5 Senate Bill No. 2013 in the year 2003 relating to the transfer of 6 the administration of the workers' compensation system of this 7 state that conflict with the intent of the Legislature as described 8 in this subsection shall, to that extent, become operative on 9 October 1, 2003, and until that date, prior enactments of this code 10 in effect on the effective date of Enrolled Senate Bill No. 2013 11 relating to the administration of the workers' compensation system 12 of this state, whether amended and reenacted or repealed by the 13 passage of Enrolled Senate Bill No. 2013, have full force and 14 effect. All provisions of the enactment of Enrolled Senate Bill 15 No. 2013 in the year 2003 relating to matters other than the 16 transfer of the administration of the workers' compensation system 17 of this state shall become operative on the effective date of that unless otherwise specifically provided 18 enactment, 19 enactment.

20 (e) It is the intent of the Legislature, expressed through its 21 enactment of legislation, to transfer the regulation of the 22 workers' compensation system to the Insurance Commissioner. By 23 proclamation of the Governor, as authorized by article two-c of 24 this chapter, the Workers' Compensation Commission was terminated

- 1 on December 31, 2005. To further the transition from the
- 2 state-operated workers' compensation system to a system of private
- 3 insurance, the duties and responsibilities of the Workers'
- 4 Compensation Commission and the board of managers, including, but
- 5 not limited to, ratemaking and adjudication of claims now reside
- 6 with the Insurance Commissioner.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to acknowledge that the deficit crisis is over. The bill recognizes that West Virginia's labor force is its greatest asset and resource. The bill states that injured workers should receive preeminent and efficient treatment. The bill states that it is the intent of the Legislature that a rule of "liberal construction" based on any "remedial" basis of workers' compensation legislation shall be applied when deciding cases.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.